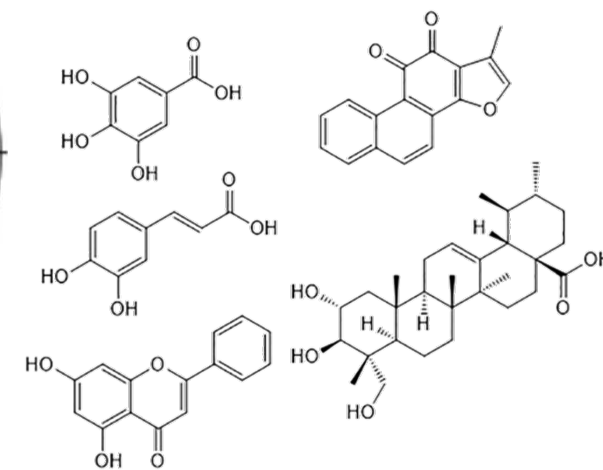
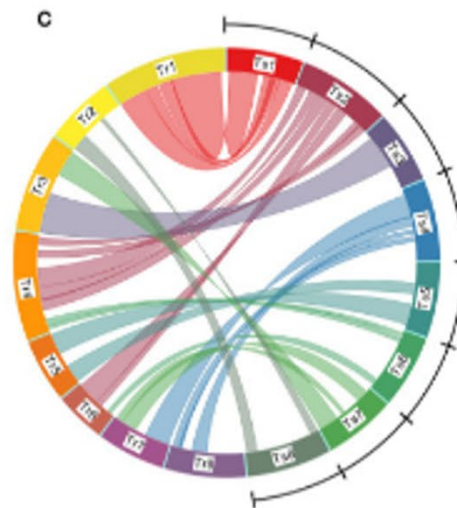
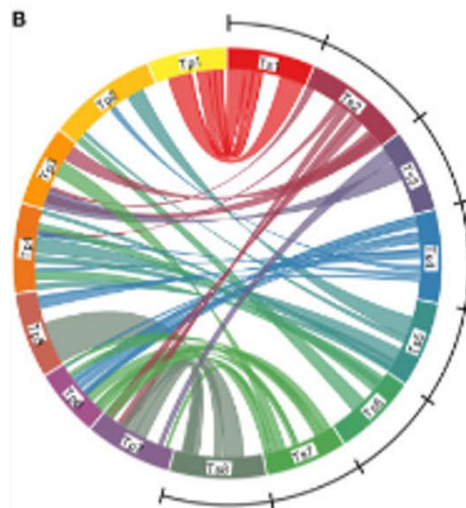
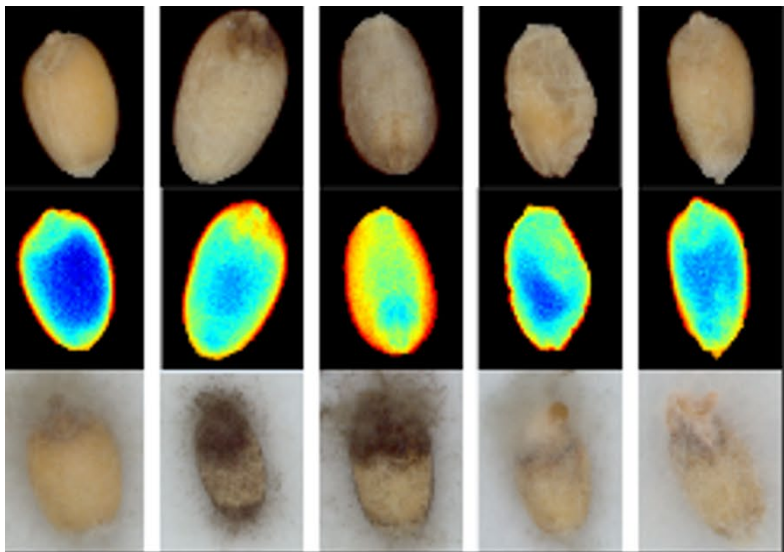


Unchaining genetic diversity by harnessing omics tools for genebank innovation and adaptive agriculture



Kioumars Ghamkhar

Director, Margot Forde Genebank, AgResearch

Co-chair, Academia Section, International Plant Phenotyping Network (IPPN)

Co-chair, Seed and Germplasm Phenotyping, IPPN

 **Margot Forde
Genebank**
from AgResearch



Grow webinar: 27 March 2025

Talk structure



**Margot Forde
Genebank**
from AgResearch

- **New Zealand Agriculture and MFG**
- **Omics and “the book”**
- **It’s not just the book, walking the talk**
- **Seed phenomics/phenotyping**
- **IPPN and collaboration with genebanks**
- **Germplasm phenomics (from ground-based to aerial and satellite)**
- **Cost/value discussion**
- **Conclusion**

New Zealand

5.1 M people

• 268,000 km² land

- 50% woodland
- 39% pastures
- 9% arable & hort.
- 800,000 ha irrigated

• ag-R&D

- Government funded
- levy paid
- private

• 50% exports

- dairy products
- meat & fish
- fruits
- timber

• Billions/annum

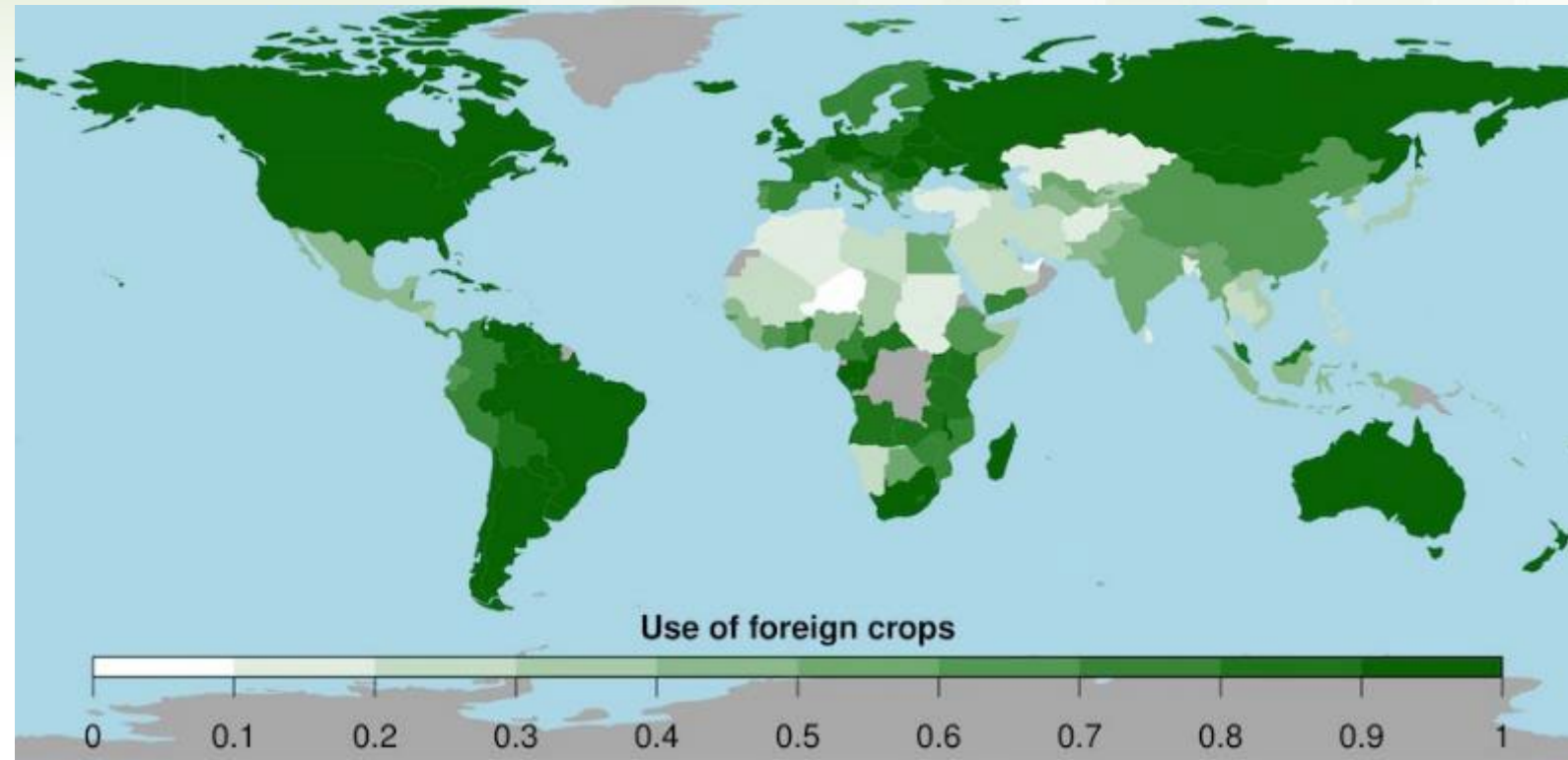
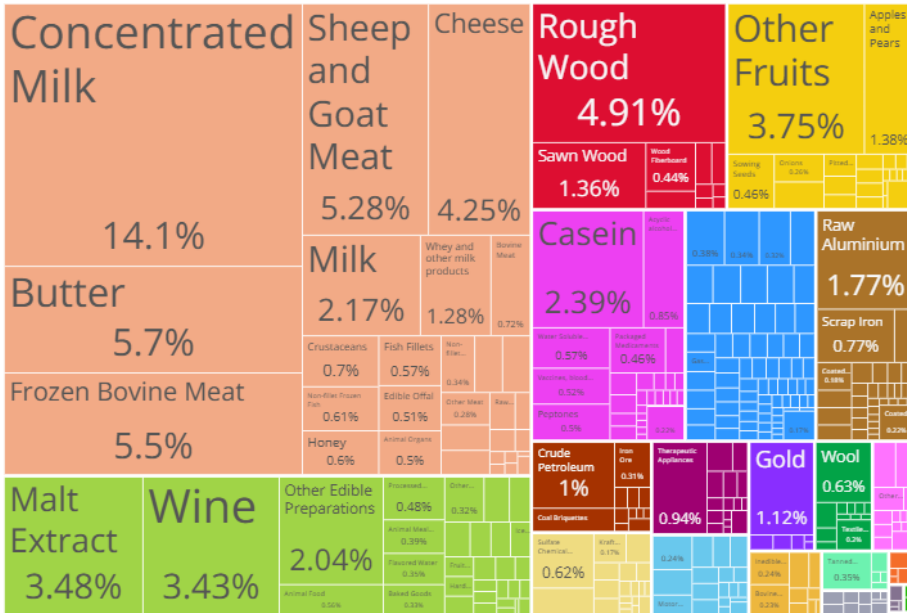
- Ryegrass (14) and clover (3)
- Pine (4.5)



Why exotic forages

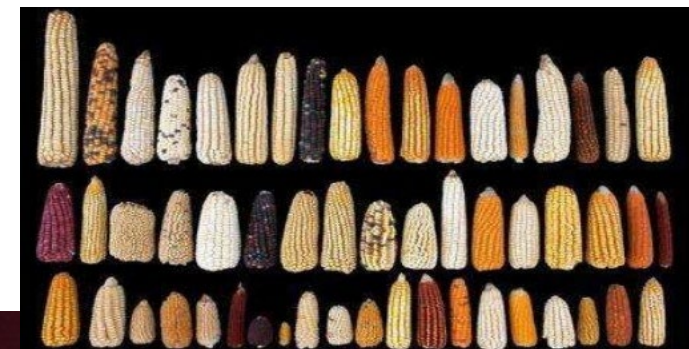
Exports (2023)
[Click to Select a Product]

Total: \$44.5B

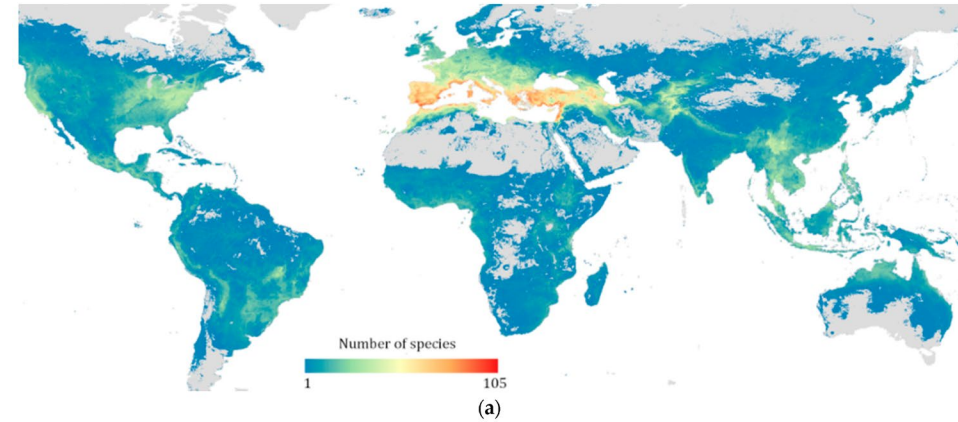
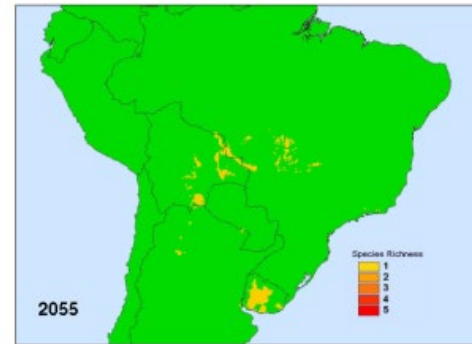
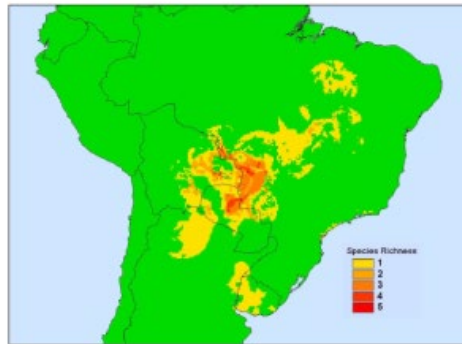


Genetic diversity

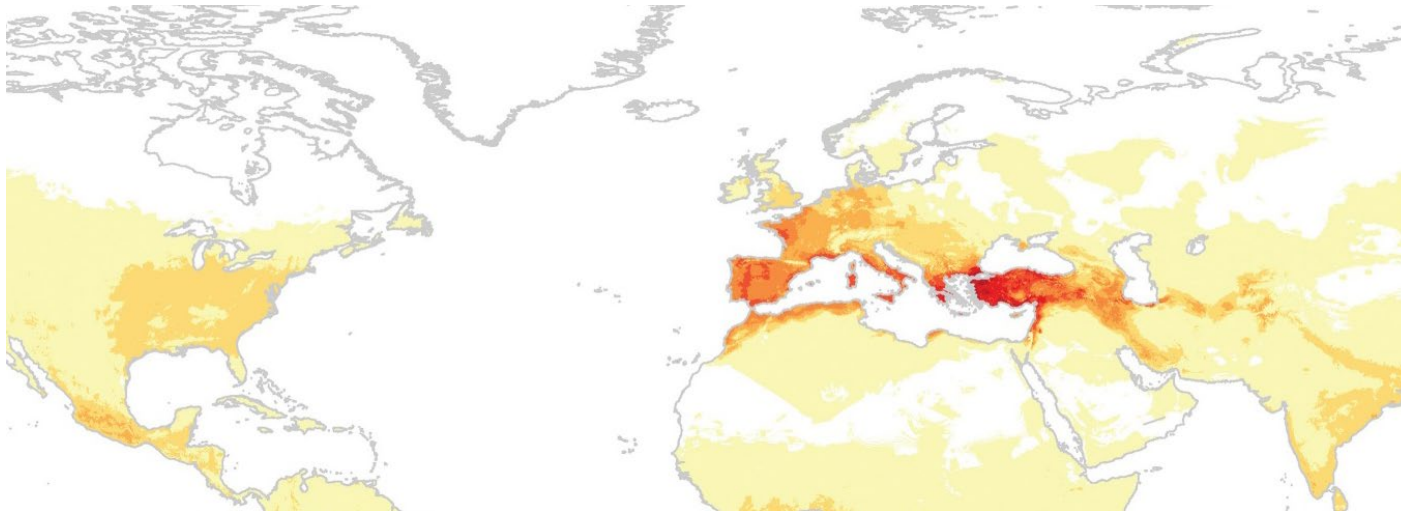
- Foundation of resilient and productive agriculture
- Variation is essential not only for the survival and reproduction of populations, but also for the very existence and the preservation of species diversity.
- Critical for climate adaptation, pest resistance, and yield improvement



Climate change and human footprint is having a negative impact on wild relatives



Arachis



Role of genebanks

- Find, collect, preserve and provide access to plant genetic resources
- Support breeding programs, research, and conservation efforts
- Initiate and introduce work on new crops/forages



Diversity within subterranean clover and biserrula for persistence traits with potential use in New Zealand hill country

K. GHAMKHAR^{1,2,3}, T. FAITHFUL⁴, P.G.H. NICHOLS^{4,5} and M. H. RYAN⁴

Future forage plants for hill country systems

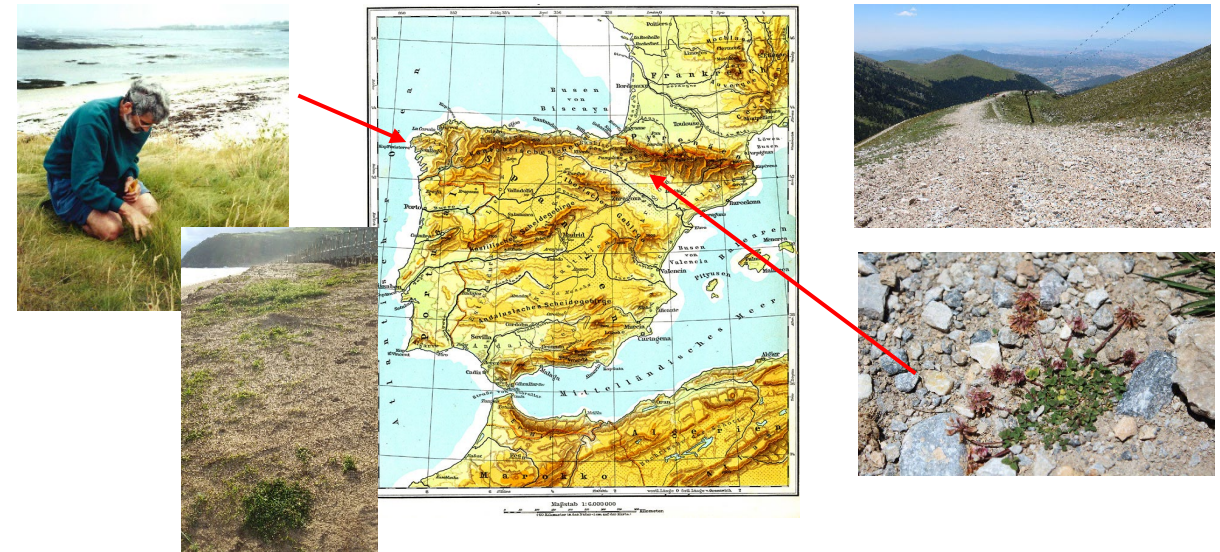
S.N. NICHOLS¹, J.R. CRUSH¹, C.C. EADY², M.J. FAVILLE³, K. GHAMKHAR³ and D.R. WOODFIELD^{3,4}

frontiers
in Plant Science

REVIEW
published: 16 June 2021
doi: 10.3389/fpls.2021.653191

Prospects for *Trifolium* Improvement Through Germplasm Characterisation and Pre-breeding in New Zealand and Beyond

Lucy M. Egan^{1*}, Rainer W. Hofmann², Kloumars Ghamkhar³ and Valerio Hoyos-Villegas^{4*}



agresearch

Need for collections

- 1,700 genebanks worldwide, 7 m accessions
- These are strategic global assets
- Safety net against the loss of valuable germplasm
- Conserve rich gene pools and help feed the world
- Priceless genes can be lost even if only collecting but no characterisation, regeneration and maintenance.



Margot Forde
Genebank
from AgResearch

agresearch

Margot Forde Genebank



**Margot Forde
Genebank**
from AgResearch

- **>175,000 accessions, mostly forage species**
- **Over 2,600 different species from 590 genera**
- **Sourced from over 120 different countries**
- **>420 named fungal endophyte populations**
- **Oldest population is from 1940**
- **Over 8,000 wild populations collected in the last 5 years**
- **3300 accessions of ryegrass plus many other breeding lines**
- **2500 accessions of white clover plus breeding lines**



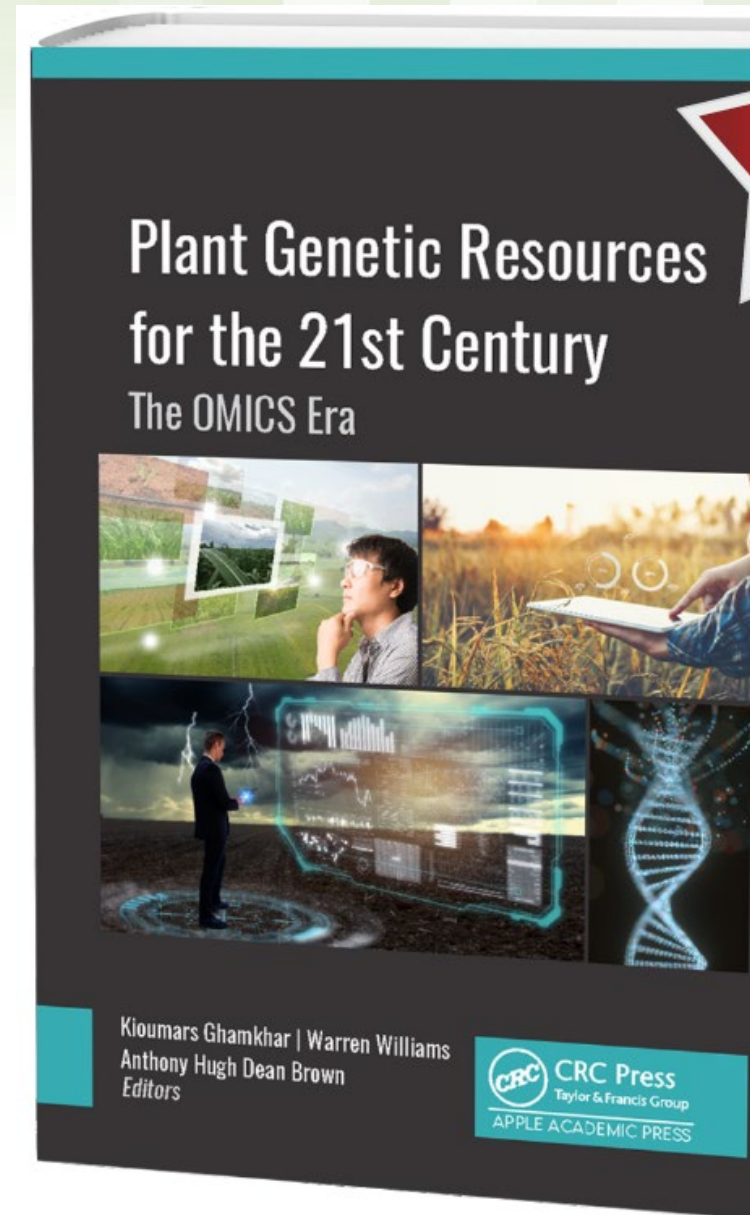
Collections

<https://www.genesys-pgr.org>



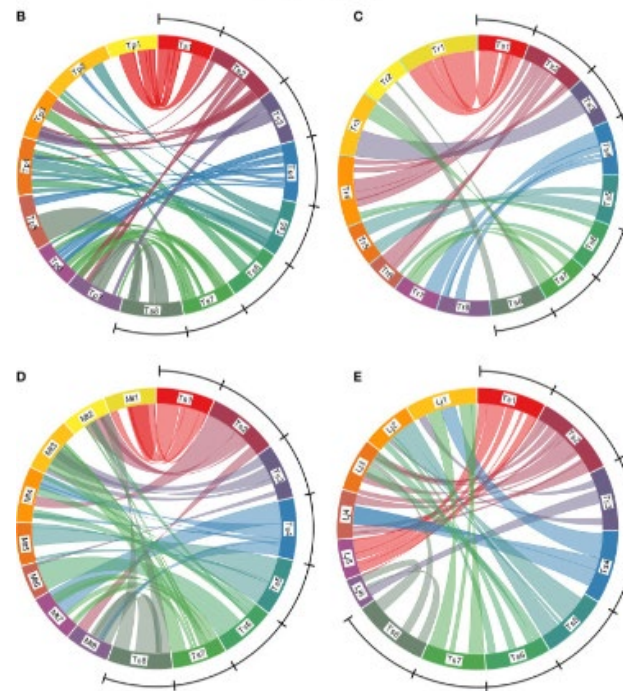
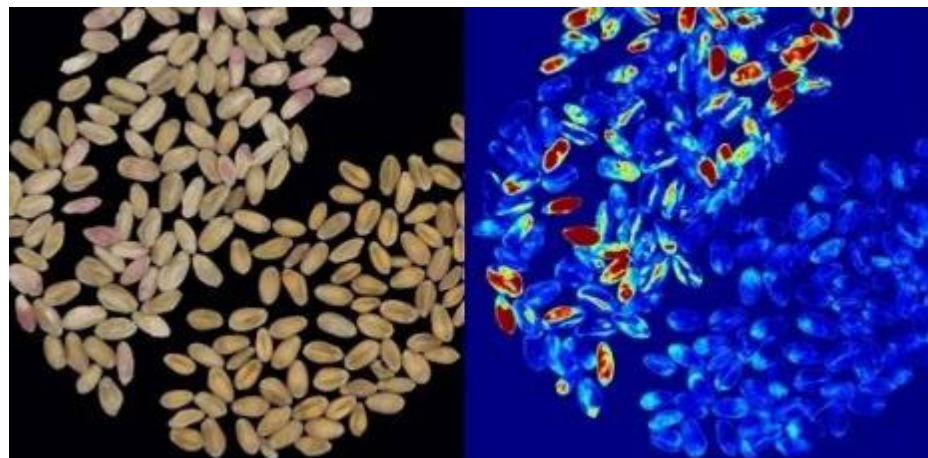
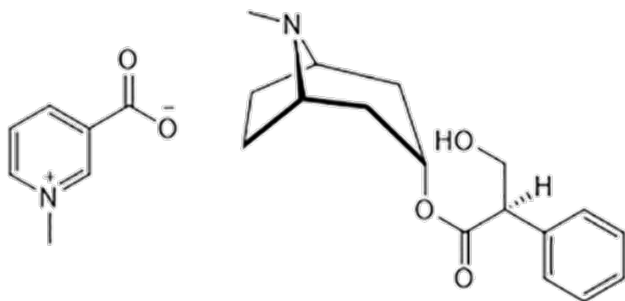
In brief, we need:

- Agri-diversification
- Intensifying trait discovery
- Efficiency (core collections to whole collection and vice versa)
- Fast characterisation (all omics and computomics)
- Collaboration
- Investment (national and international)



Why omics technologies?

- Enable deep insights into genetic potential
- Accelerate breeding and conservation strategies



CHAPTER 3

Omics Technologies for Genetic Resources: Review and Prospects

KIOUMARS GHAMKHAR¹ and CHRISTOPHER M. RICHARDS²

 Margot Forde
Genebank
from AgResearch

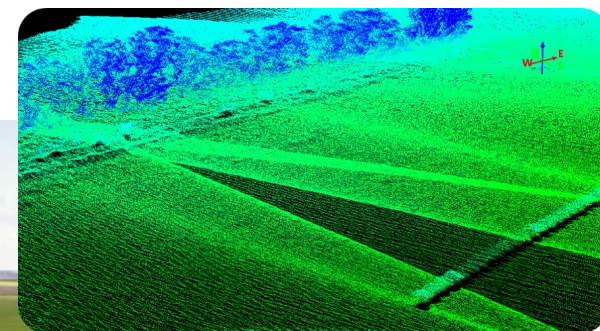
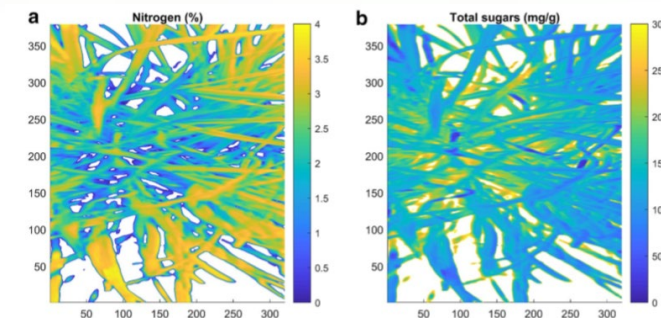
 **ag**research

Challenges in genebank utilisation

Evolving Research Themes in Plant Genetic Resources

ANTHONY H. D. BROWN

- **Data gaps and limited characterisation**
 - Most genebanks rely on traditional phenotypic data, limiting efficiency
- **Slow integration into breeding programs**
 - Challenges in translating genetic diversity into applied outcomes
- **Environmental uncertainty and climate change**
 - Need for better predictive tools for adaptive agriculture



Margot Forde
Genebank
from AgResearch

agresearch

Omics in action – to boost MFG utilisation

- **Genomics**
 - Whole-genome sequencing for diversity mapping in subterranean clover
 - Pangenomics: re-sequencing in 4 clover species (populations and core collections)
 - Skim sequencing of the same species to augment the pangenome
 - GBS for core development in ryegrass and white clover
- **Metabolomics**
 - Functional insights into rumen methane mitigation in forages
 - Identification of bioactive compounds

CHAPTER 4

Genomics for Germplasm Improvement and Adaptation

KIOUMARS GHAMKHAR² and CHRISTOPHER M. RICHARDS²

JGI JOINT GENOME INSTITUTE

A DOE OFFICE OF SCIENCE USER FACILITY

Community Science Program 2023 Proposal

Proposer's Name: Manini D. Wolfe
Project Title: Clover Genomics for Sustainable Bioenergy Mixtures

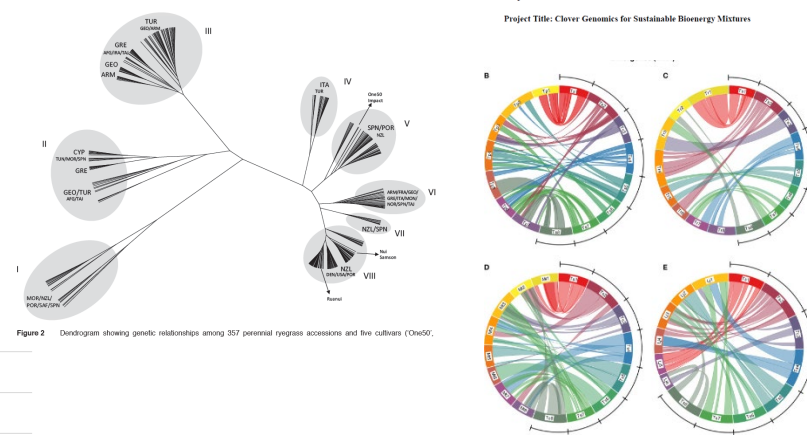
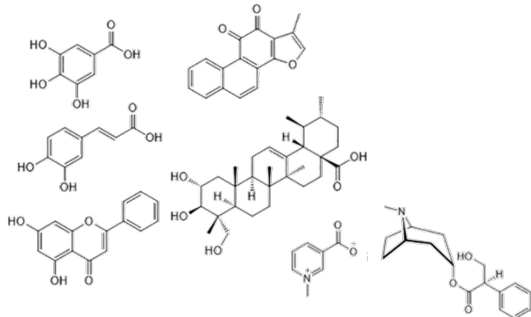
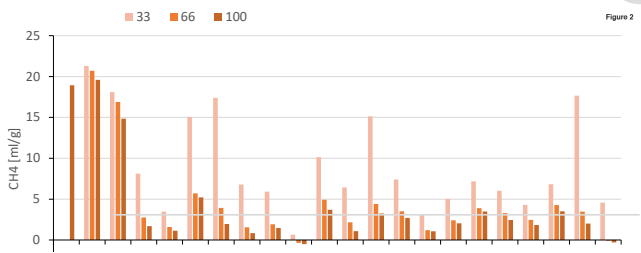
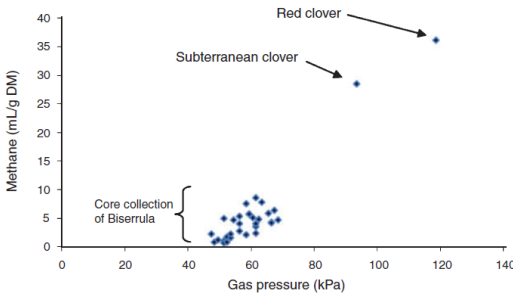


Figure 2 Dendrogram showing genetic relationships among 357 perennial ryegrass accessions and five cultivars (Choc50).

CHAPTER 7

Advances in Metabolomics Research for Germplasm Improvement and Adaptation

WARREN M. WILLIAMS and KIOUMARS GHAMKHAR



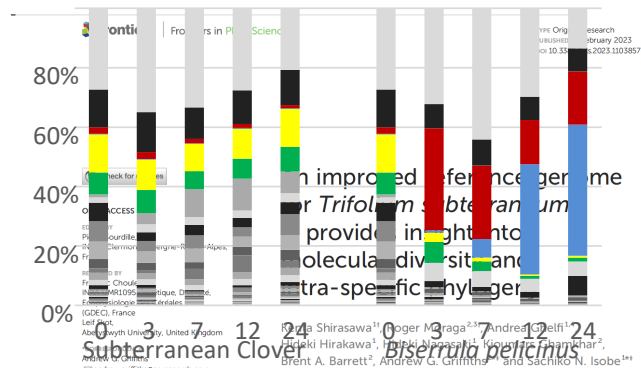
Agronomy for Sustainable Development (2018) 38:30
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s13593-018-0510-x>

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Candidate metabolites for methane mitigation in the forage legume biserrula

Kioumars Ghamkhar^{1,2,3} • Simone Rochfort^{4,5} • Bidhyut Kumar Banik^{2,6} • Clinton Revell²⁻⁷

CrossMark



CSIRO PUBLISHING

Crop & Pasture Science, 2013, 64, 935–942
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1071/CP13073>

Variability of *in vitro* ruminal fermentation and methanogenic potential in the pasture legume biserrula (*Biserrula pelecinus* L.)

Bidhyut Kumar Banik^{A,B,C}, Zoey Dumic^A, William Erskine^{B,F}, Phillip Nichols^{C,E}, Kioumars Ghamkhar^{B,D}, and Philip Vercoe^A

CSIRO PUBLISHING

Crop & Pasture Science, 2013, 64, 935–942
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1071/CP13149>

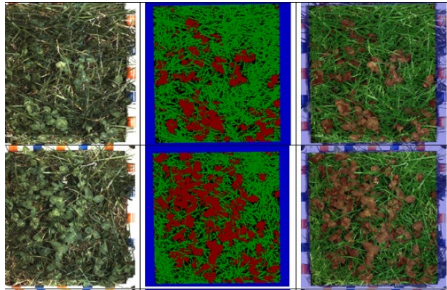
In vitro ruminal fermentation characteristics and methane production differ in selected key pasture species in Australia

B. K. Banik^{A,B}, Z. Dumic^B, W. Erskine^{A,E}, K. Ghamkhar^{A,D}, and C. Revell^{A,C}

Omics in action – to boost MFG utilisation

- Phenomics

- Insights into plant stress responses
- Forage quality and yield
- Combined and individual yield by species ID in forage mix



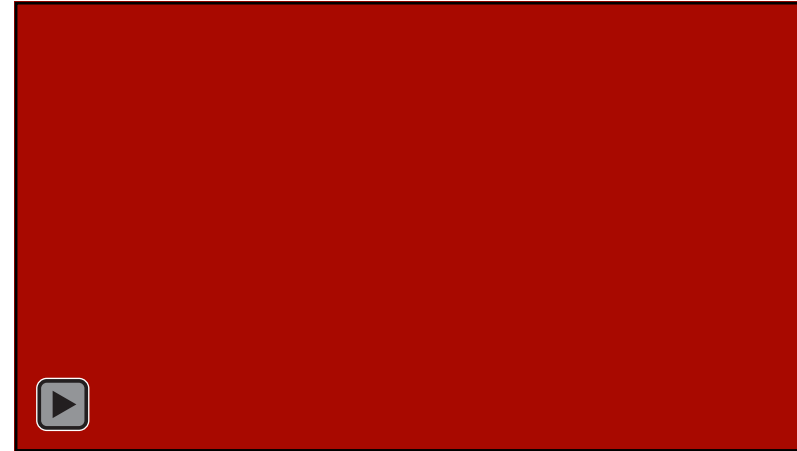
frontiers
in Plant Science

ORIGINAL RESEARCH
published: 27 February 2020
doi: 10.3389/fpls.2020.00159



Assessment of Mixed Sward Using Context Sensitive Convolutional Neural Networks

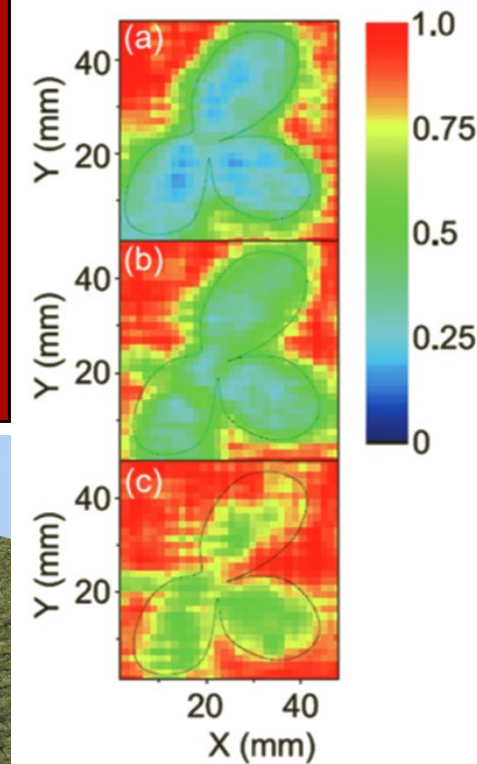
Christopher J. Bateman^{1*}, Jaco Fourie¹, Jeffrey Hsiao¹, Kenji Irie², Angus Heslop³,
Anthony Hilditch³, Michael Hagedorn², Bruce Jessep³, Steve Gebbie³
and Kyoumars Ghamkhar⁴



CHAPTER 8

Phenomics for the Improvement of Crop Adaptation

KIOUMARS GHAMKHAR



Forage Plant Tissue										
Dry Matter								Moisture	Ash	
Organic Matter										
NDS				NDF						
Ether Extract (EE)	Crude Protein (CP)	Nonfiber Carbohydrates	Hemicellulose	ADF			Cellulose			Lignin (ADL)



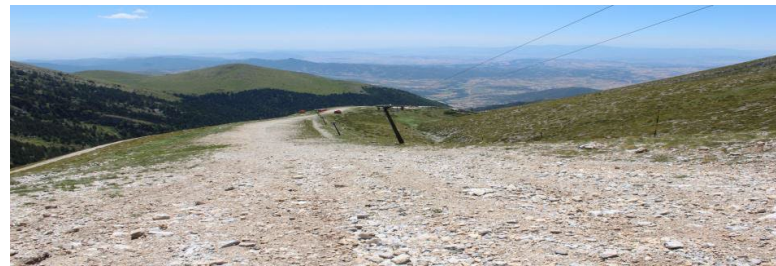
Impacts on Adaptive Agriculture

- **Climate prediction and climate match**
 - Predictive and more targeted collecting missions
 - seed conservation and utilization
 - germplasm selection
- **Climate-resilient Crops and forages**
 - Leveraging genetic resources to develop stress-tolerant varieties
 - Integrating omics with agroecological principles

CHAPTER 15

Drought, Omics, and Genetic Resources

SHIRLEY N. NICHOLS¹ and KIOUMARS GHAMKHAR²



Journal of Agricultural Science (2015), 153, 1069–1083. © Cambridge University Press 2014
doi:10.1017/S0021859614000793

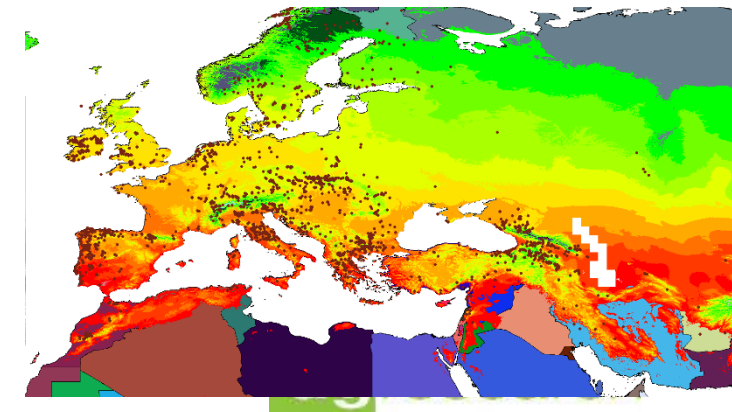
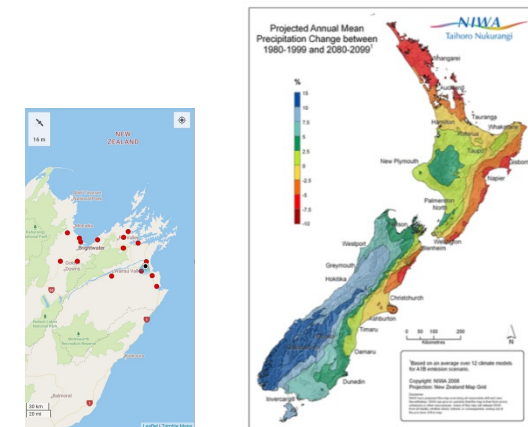
CROPS AND SOILS RESEARCH PAPER Hotspots and gaps in the world collection of subterranean clover (*Trifolium subterraneum* L.)

K. GHAMKHAR^{1,2,3*}, P. G. H. NICHOLS^{4,5}, W. ERSKINE¹, R. SNOWBALL⁴, M. MURILLO⁶,
R. APPELS⁷ AND M. H. RYAN⁵

CHAPTER 5

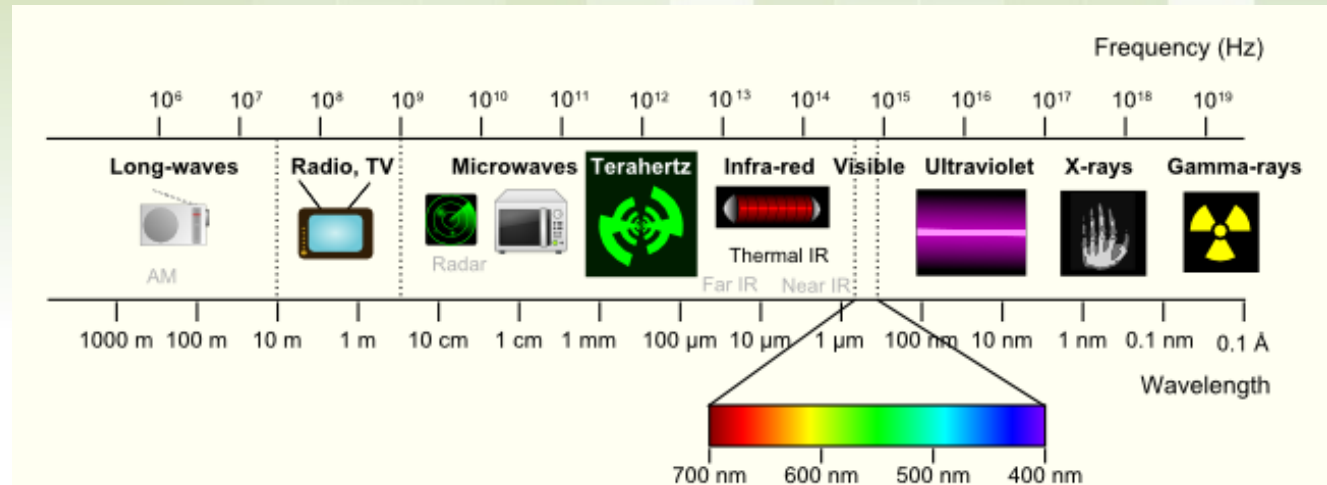
Genomic Approaches to Using Diversity for the Adaptation of Modern Varieties of Wheat and Barley to Climate Change

KERSTIN NEUMANN¹, ALBERT W. SCHULTHESS¹, FILIPPO M. BASSI²,
SIDRAM DHANAGOND³, ELENA KHELESTKINA³, ANDREAS BÖRNER¹,
ANDREAS GRANER¹ and BENJAMIN KILIAN⁴



The electromagnetic spectrum

- **Gamma rays (> 0.1nm)**
 - To create mutations
- **X-rays (0.2-2 nm)**
 - See-through
- **UV (8-110 nm)**
 - Activation of chemicals
 - sterilisation
- **Visible light (400-700nm)**
 - RGB
 - photosynthesis
- **Near Infrared (NIR) (700 – 1100nm)**
- **Infra-red (1100-8000 nm)**
 - SWIR (hyperspec) (1100 – 2700nm)
 - Thermal (Far infra-red) (3200-8000nm)



- **Terahertz (0.08- 1.2mm)**
- **Microwaves (1.2- 120mm)**
 - Shortwaves (penetrating)
 - Radar (reflective)
- **Wi-Fi (120-150mm)**
 - potentially see through

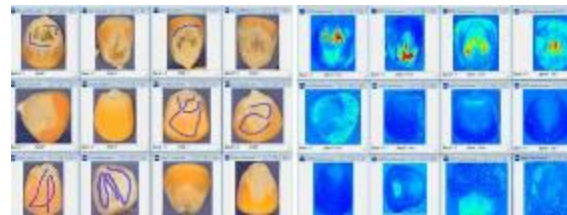
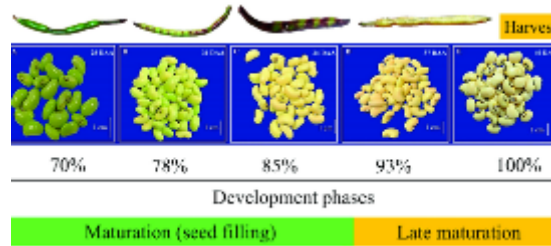
Radiowaves (0.5-10m)

- TV
- FM
- AM



Important seed traits

- **Physical quality**
 - No damage
 - Uniformity
 - Purity (weeds, other crops)
- **Physiological quality**
 - Germination
 - Vigor
 - Viability
- **Health quality**
 - Disease free
 - Durability at storage
- **Content quality**
 - Moisture
 - Biochemical
 - Embryological
 - Microbiome
- **Genetic purity**



Aguila Moreno et al. 2022 *Plos ONE* , 17(10)

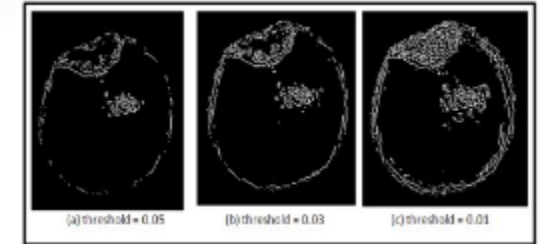
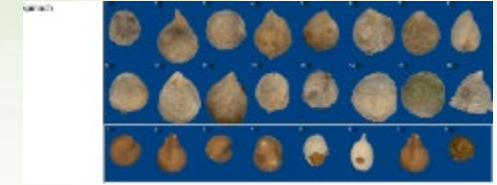
Sa et al. 2023 *Food Research International*, 169

Physical quality traits

- Physical Quality

- Intact

- RGB imaging

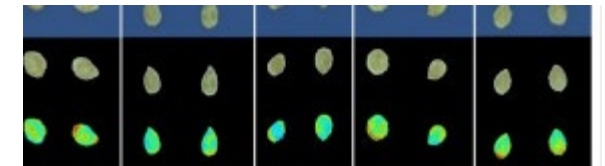


Lurstwut and Pornpanomchai **2011** *IJET* , 3(6), 600

- Uniform

- Size
 - Shape
 - Colour

- Muti-spectral imaging



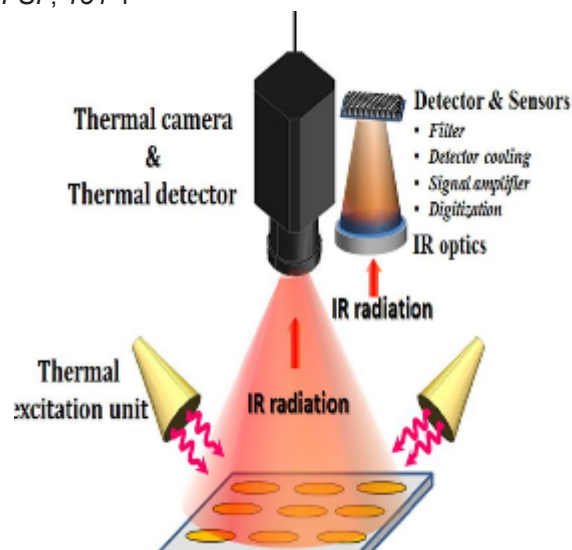
Shrestha et al **2016** *JSI* , 5, 1

Physical quality traits

- No contamination (analytical purity)

- Weeds
- Other crops

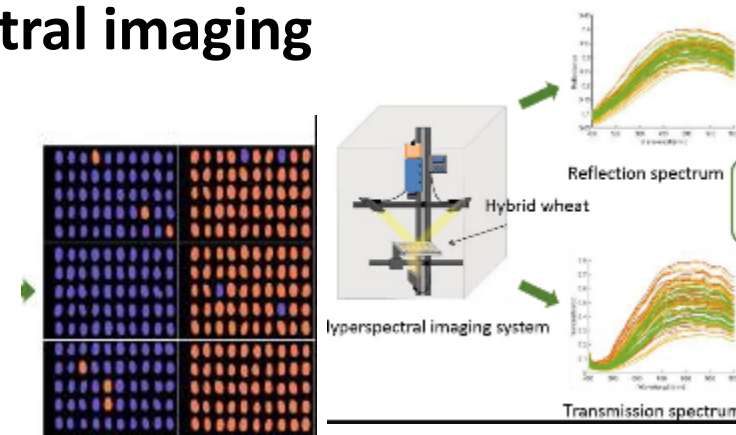
ElMasry et al 2020 *FSI* , 131 1



- RGB imaging (using different filters) – multispec

- Thermal imaging

- Hyperspectral imaging

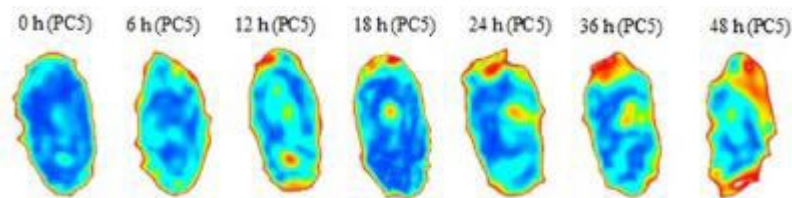


Zhang et al 2022 *Frontiers* , 131 1

Physiological quality traits

- Physiological Quality (regeneration capacity)

- Germination



Jiang et al. 2016 *Scientific Reports* , 6, 21299

- Vigor

- Longevity
 - Stress tolerance

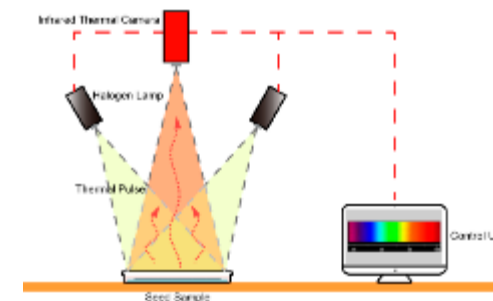
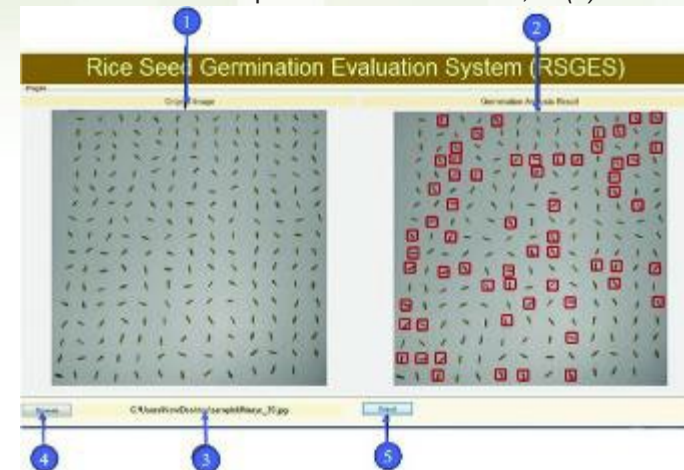
- RGB imaging

- THz imaging

- Thermal imaging

- Thermal imaging

Lurstwut and Pornpanomchai 2017 *ANR* , 51(5)

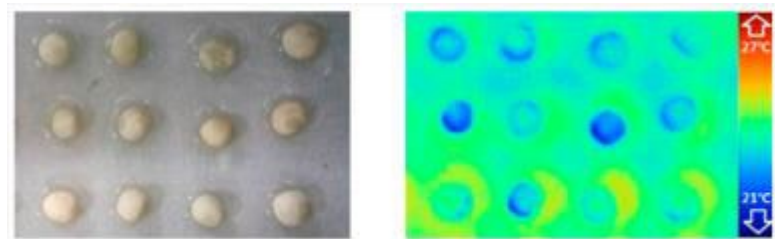


Liu et al 2020 *Plants* , 9 (6), 768

Physiological quality traits

- Physiological Quality (regeneration capacity)
 - Viability (reproducibility)
 - RGB imaging (using different filters) – multispec
 - Thermal imaging

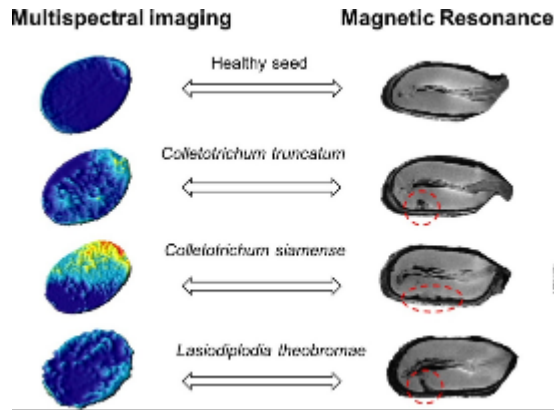
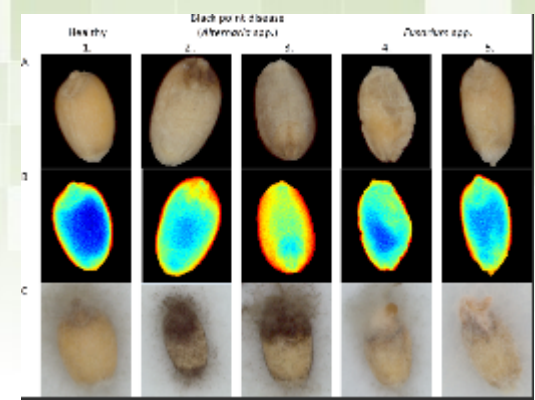
Men et al 2017 *Sensors* , 17 (4), 845



Seed health traits

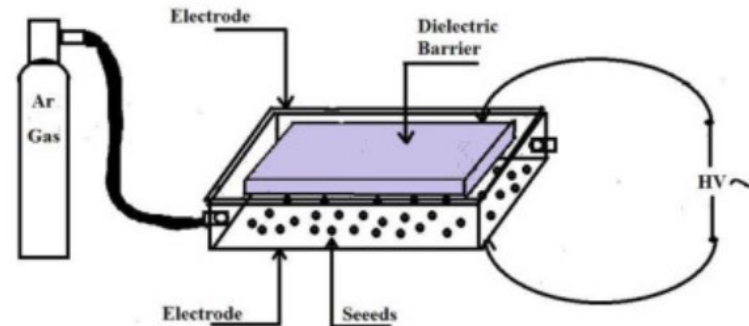
Vrešak et al. 2016 *Plos One* , 11 (3)

- Health
 - Disease free



da Silva et al 2021 *ICP* , 161

- RGB imaging
- Mutispectral imaging (need health indices for accuracy)
- Thermal imaging (needs high sensitivity)
- MRI (expensive and slow)
- Cold plasma



Seed health traits

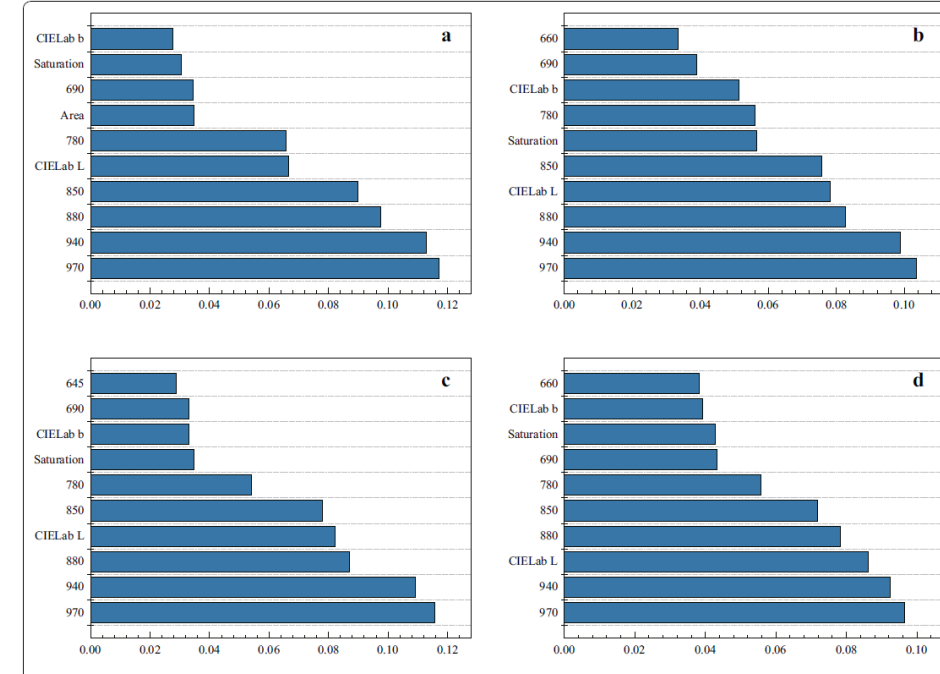
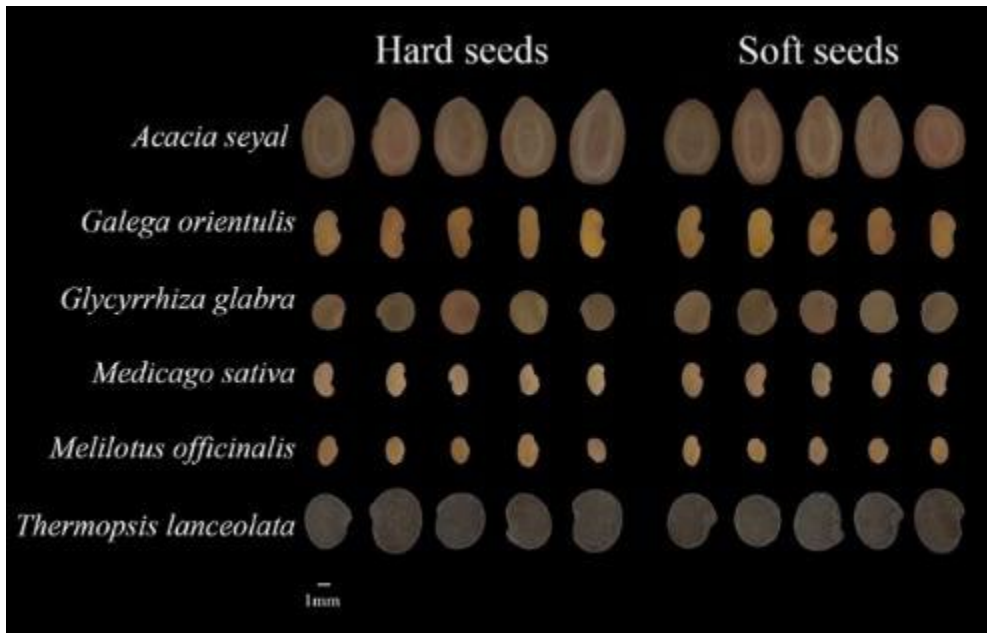
- Health

- Durability at storage

- Longevity
- Hardseedness (dormancy)
- Other physical factors

- Multispectral imaging (VNIR)

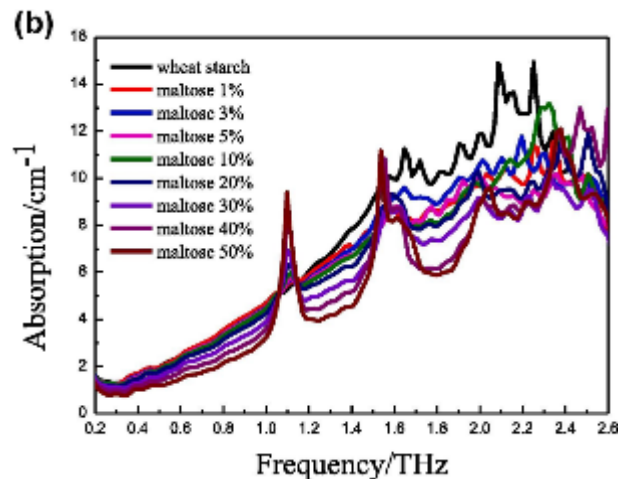
Hu et al 2020 *Plant methods* , 16 (1), 1



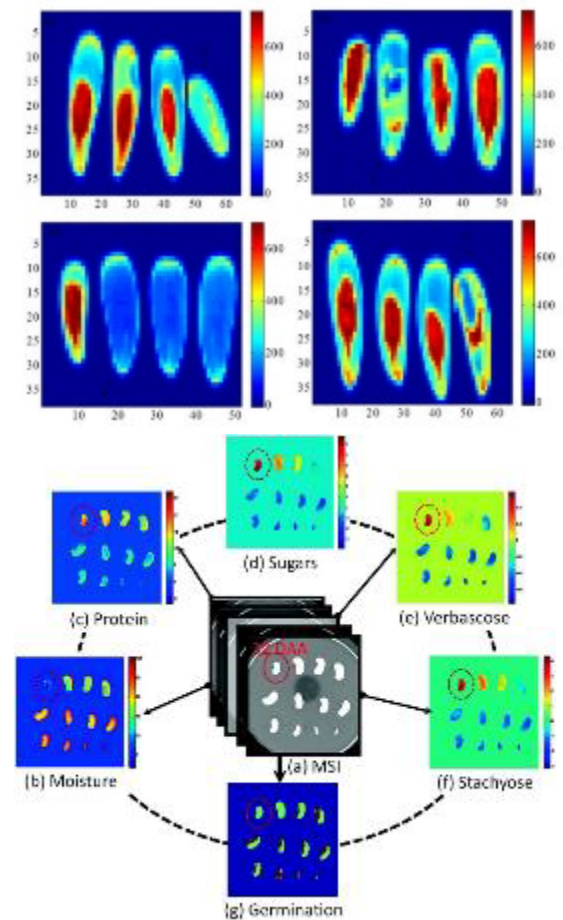
Seed quality - contents

Sun and Liu 2020 *JIMTW*, 41, 307

- Moisture
- Biochemical
 - Terahertz imaging
 - Thermal imaging (high sensitivity)
 - Hyper-multispectral imaging
- Hyper-multispectral imaging
- THZ/laser imaging



Jiang et al 2020 *Food Chemistry* , 307, 125533

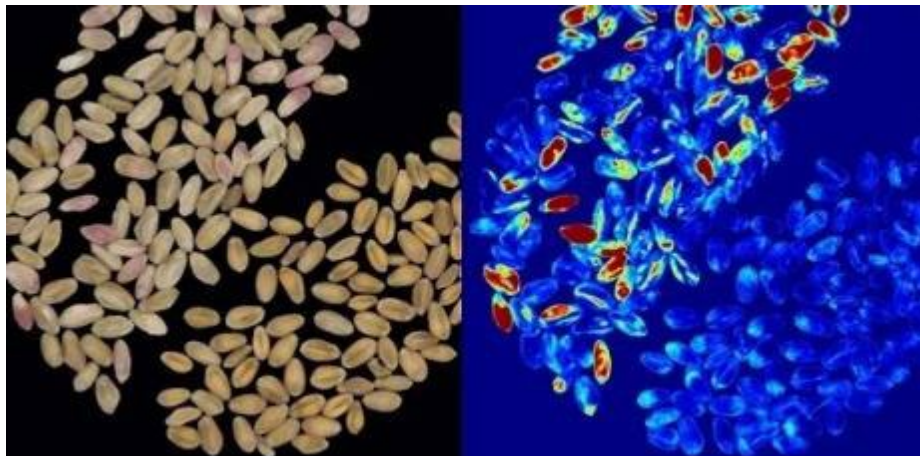
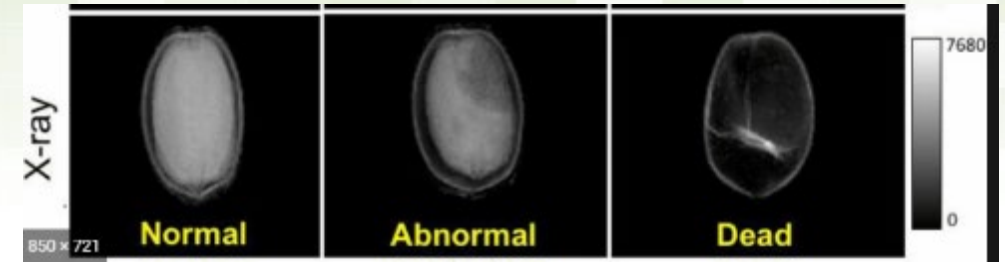


ElMasry et al. 2022 *The Crop Journal*, 10 (5), 1399



Seed quality - contents

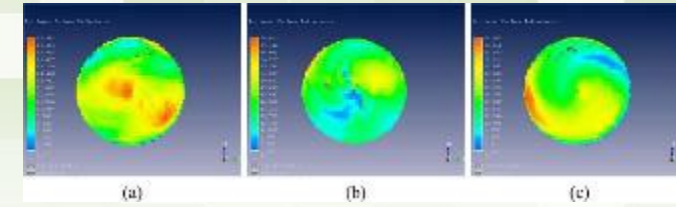
- Embryological
 - X-ray
 - Wi-Fi
- Microbiome
 - MRI
 - Hyper/multispectral imaging



Genetic purity traits

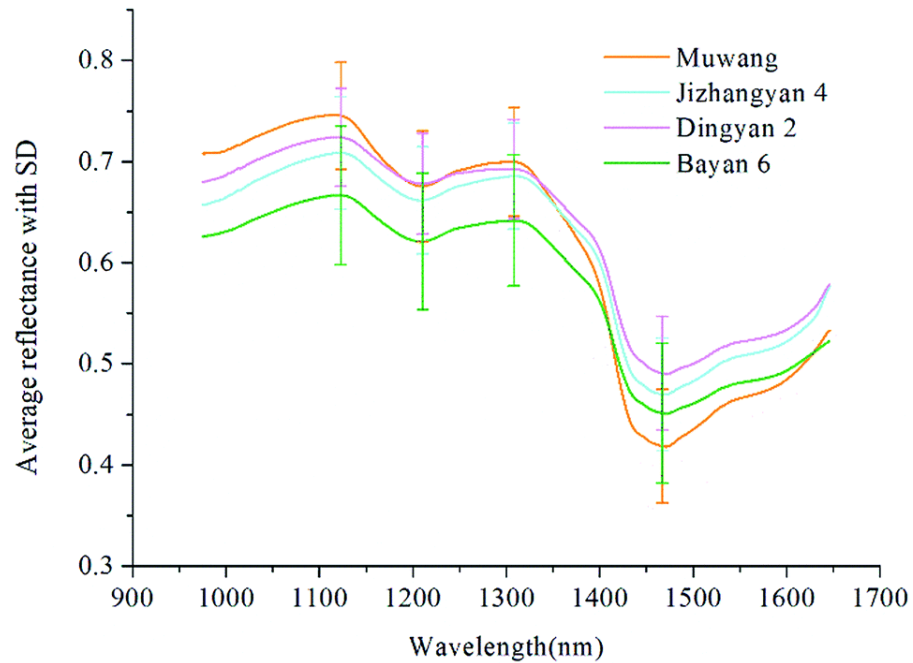
- GM vs. non-GM

- THz imaging



Liu et al. **2016** *Scientific Reports*, 6 (1), 1

- Variety discrimination



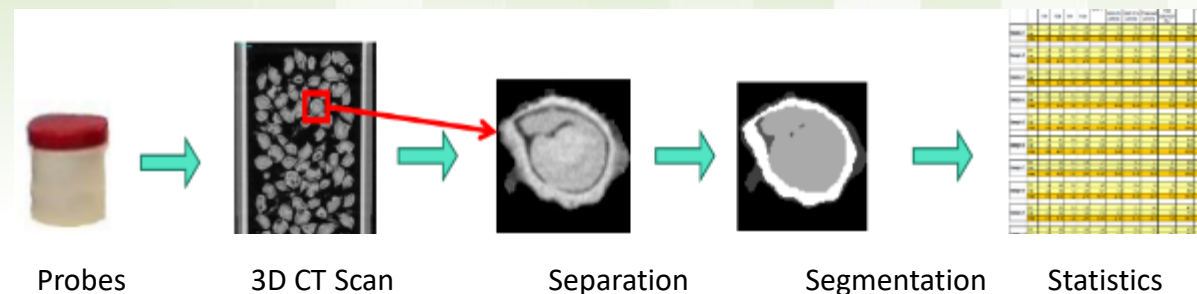
- Hyperspectral imaging

Wu et al. **2019** *RSC advances*, 9 (22), 12635

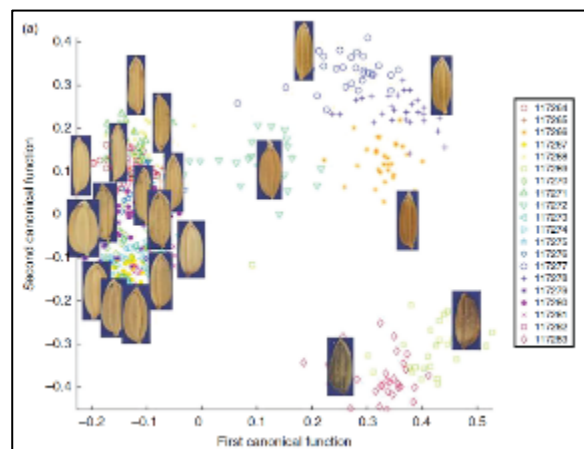
IPPN – International Plant Phenotyping Network

- Examples

- Seed quality testing

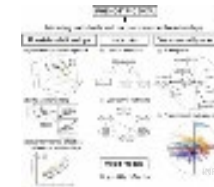
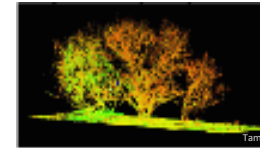


- Physical seed assessment



Working Groups

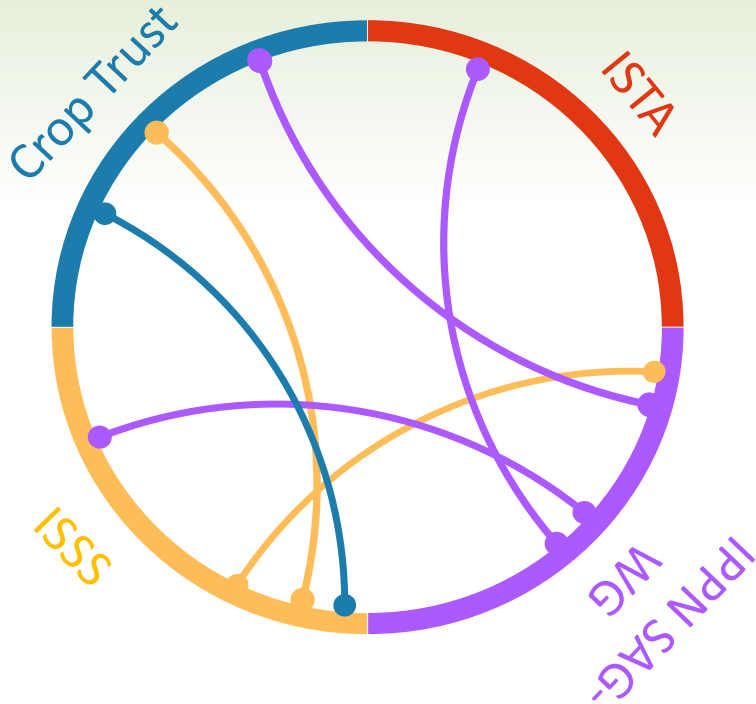
- Advanced Sensor Applications
- Affordable Plant Phenotyping
- Field Phenotyping
- Forest Phenotyping
- AI for Plant Phenotyping
- Controlled Environment Plant Phenotyping
- Root Phenotyping
- Seed and Germplasm Phenotyping



Contact
Uli Schurr or
Kioumars Ghamkhar



IPPN - Seed and Germplasm Phenotyping Working Group



Challenges:

- Inexpensive high-throughput phenotyping in Genebanks
- Prioritisation of traits to phenotype
- Prioritisation of crops to phenotype
- Seed quality assessment
- Community phenotyping standards

Outcomes of WG:

- Suggest phenotyping solutions for genebanks
- Provide access to phenotyping methodologies & protocols
- Streamline use of technology and resources within the framework of quadrilateral relationships



Taken a few steps so far



- Workshop held in 2022 (Wageningen)
- Results published
- A follow up workshop held in 2024 (Nebraska)



6) Phenomics for Genebanks: Leveraging diversity towards new phenotypes

Keynote: TBD

Session topics include:

- Phenomic characterization of Germplasm: requirements & challenges
- Protocols & Technologies for Genebanks: Harmonization vs. Individual Approaches to Phenomics in Genebanks
- Phenomics for Faster Identification of Climate Resilient Crops
- Predictive Breeding: Utilizing Phenomics data for predictive modeling





Plant Science
Volume 282, May 2019, Pages 2-10



Review article

Review: New sensors and data-driven approaches—A path to next generation phenomics ☆

[Thomas Roitsch](#)^{a, h}, [Llorenç Cabrera-Bosquet](#)^b, [Antoine Fournier](#)^c,
[Kioumars Ghamkhar](#)^d, [José Jiménez-Berni](#)^e, [Francisco Pinto](#)^f, [Eric S. Ober](#)^g  

[Show more](#) ✓



IPPN Workshops & Satellite Meetings

Phenomics for genebanks – future prospects (Seed and Germplasm Phenotyping Working Group – Workshop)



Summary: Gathering of genebanks and their frequent users interested in streamlining phenotyping of seeds and germplasm material using latest technologies and potentially set up global joint activities in this space

Contact: Uli Schurr; [Kioumars Ghamkhar](#)

Time: 9:00–13:00


Location: Room: Atlas 2; Building: Atlas 104

Received: 4 March 2024 | Revised: 30 July 2024 | Accepted: 31 July 2024
DOI: 10.1002/ppp3.10570

OPINION

Plants People Planet **PPP**
Open Access

Realizing the potential of plant genetic resources: the use of phenomics for genebanks

[Kioumars Ghamkhar](#)¹  | [Fiona R. Hay](#)² | [Marleen Engbers](#)³ |
[Hannes Dempewolf](#)³ | [Ulrich Schurr](#)⁴



More recent outputs and activities

- A couple of more publications
- Upcoming third workshop to be held in September 2025 (Horsham, Australia)
- Results to be analysed and shared
- Many seed scientists present – unique opp.
- Invitation to join IPPN and our working group



Workshops & Tours

Date: Thursday 25th September
Time: TBC
Venue: TBC

Please indicate your interest in attending one or more workshops and tours. Once the conference program is finalised, you will be asked to re-confirm your selection based on scheduling and attendance caps.

Workshops

- ☐ Seed collecting and data management to optimise future utilisation
- ☐ Seed collecting, storage and propagation for First Nations communities
- ☐ Seed phenomics: technology, applications, and future directions (in association with IPPN)

CHAPTER 8

Phenomics for the Improvement of Crop Adaptation

KIOUMARS GHAMKHAR

Molecular Plant

COMMENT · Volume 16, Issue 7, P1099-1101, July 03, 2023

[Open Archive](#)

[Download Full Issue](#)

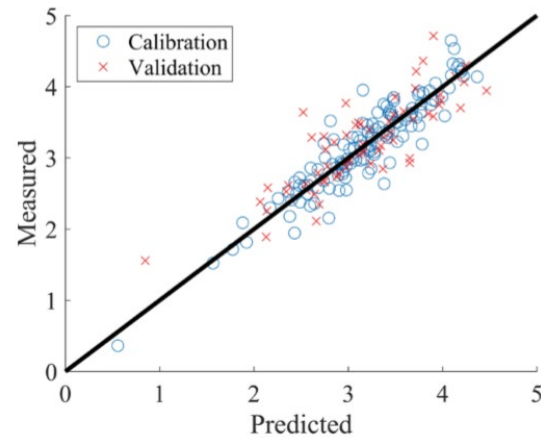
The power of phenomics: Improving genebank value and utility

[Ezhilmathi Angela Joseph Fernando](#)¹ [✉](#) · [Michael Selvaraj](#)¹ · [Kioumars Ghamkhar](#)²

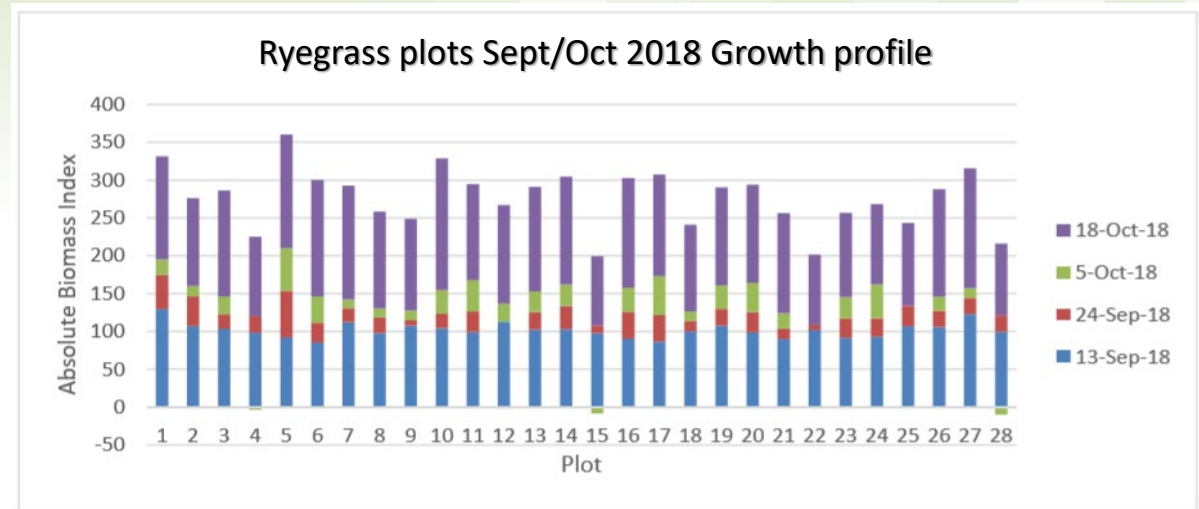


Ryegrass - High Throughput Phenotyping via *Proximal Sensing*

- AgResearch project
- **Monitoring growth in real time**
- **Forage quality**



Total N (mg/g)



Shorten et al. *Plant Methods* (2019) 15:63
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s13007-019-0448-2>

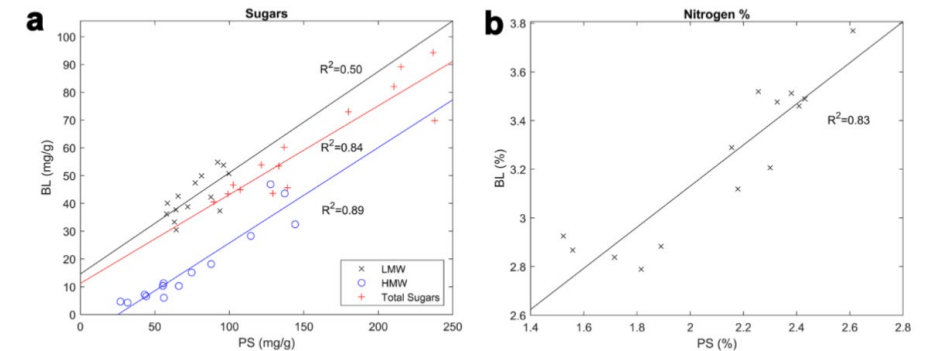
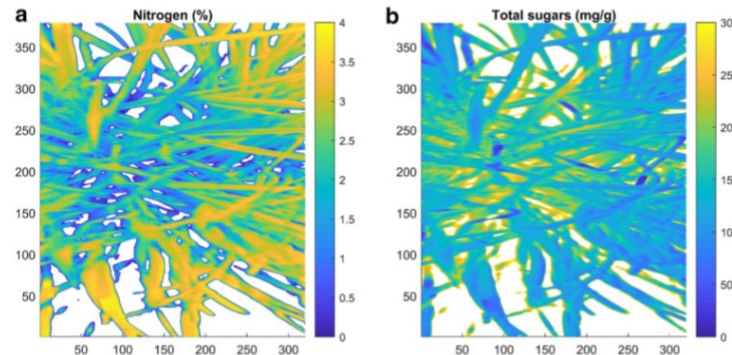
Plant Methods

RESEARCH

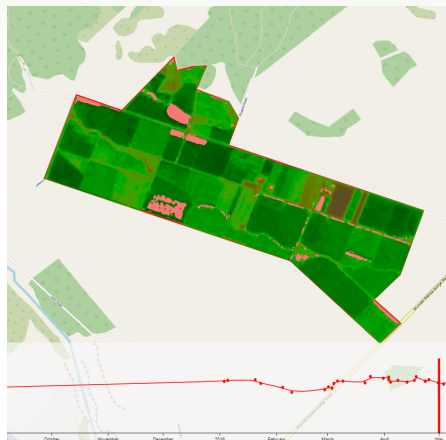
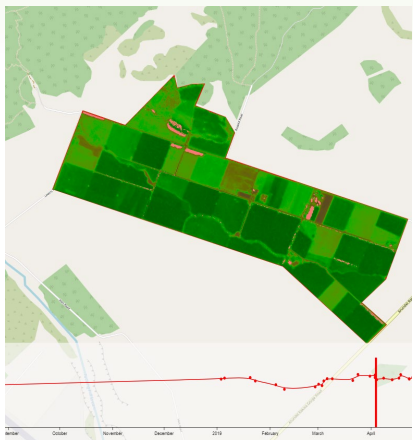
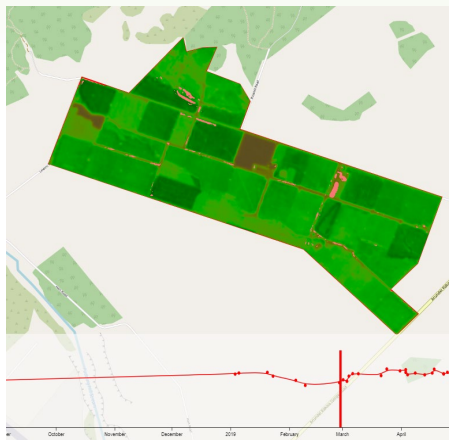
Open Access

Predicting the quality of ryegrass using hyperspectral imaging

Paul R. Shorten^{1*}, Shane R. Leath¹, Jana Schmidt² and Kiourmars Ghamkhar²

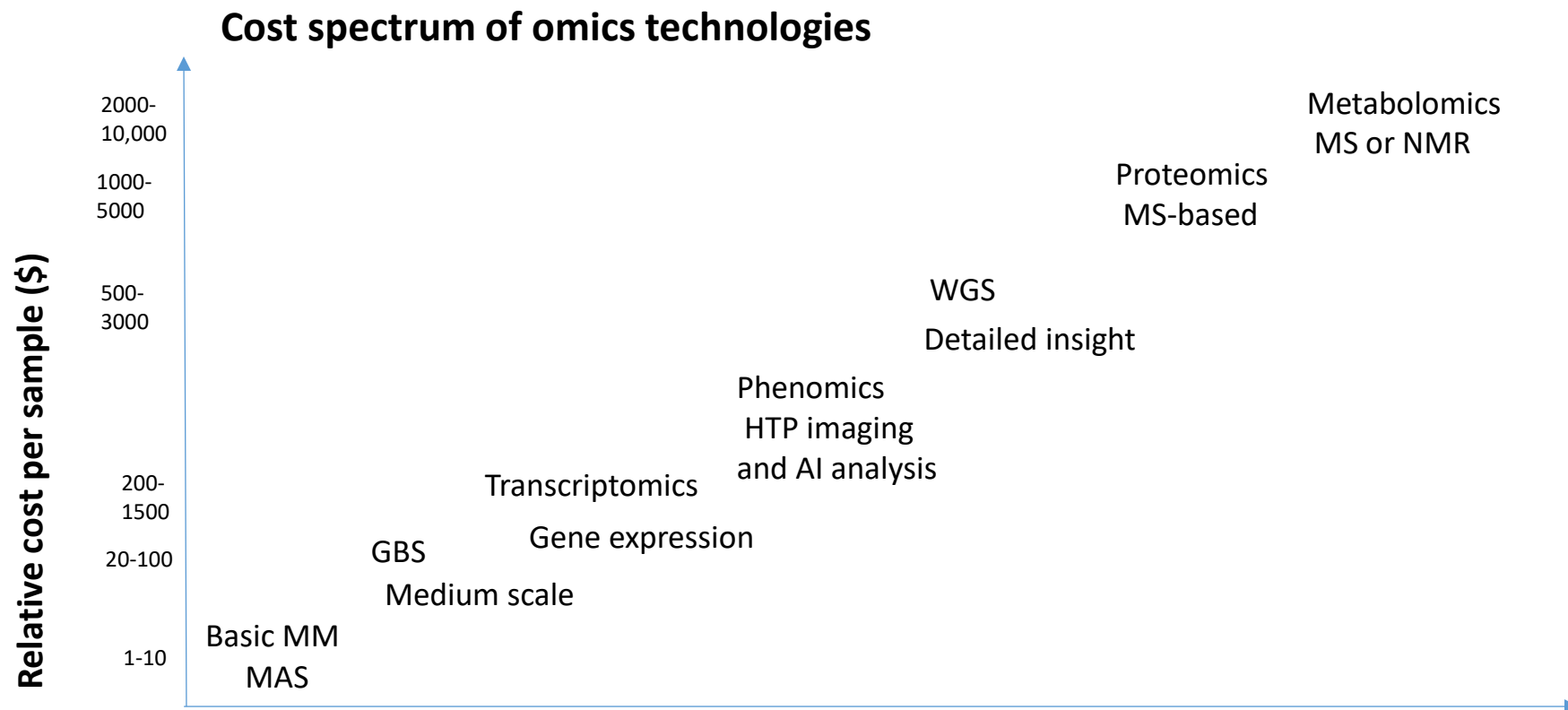


Remote sensing: Aerial and satellite observation of growth over a short period



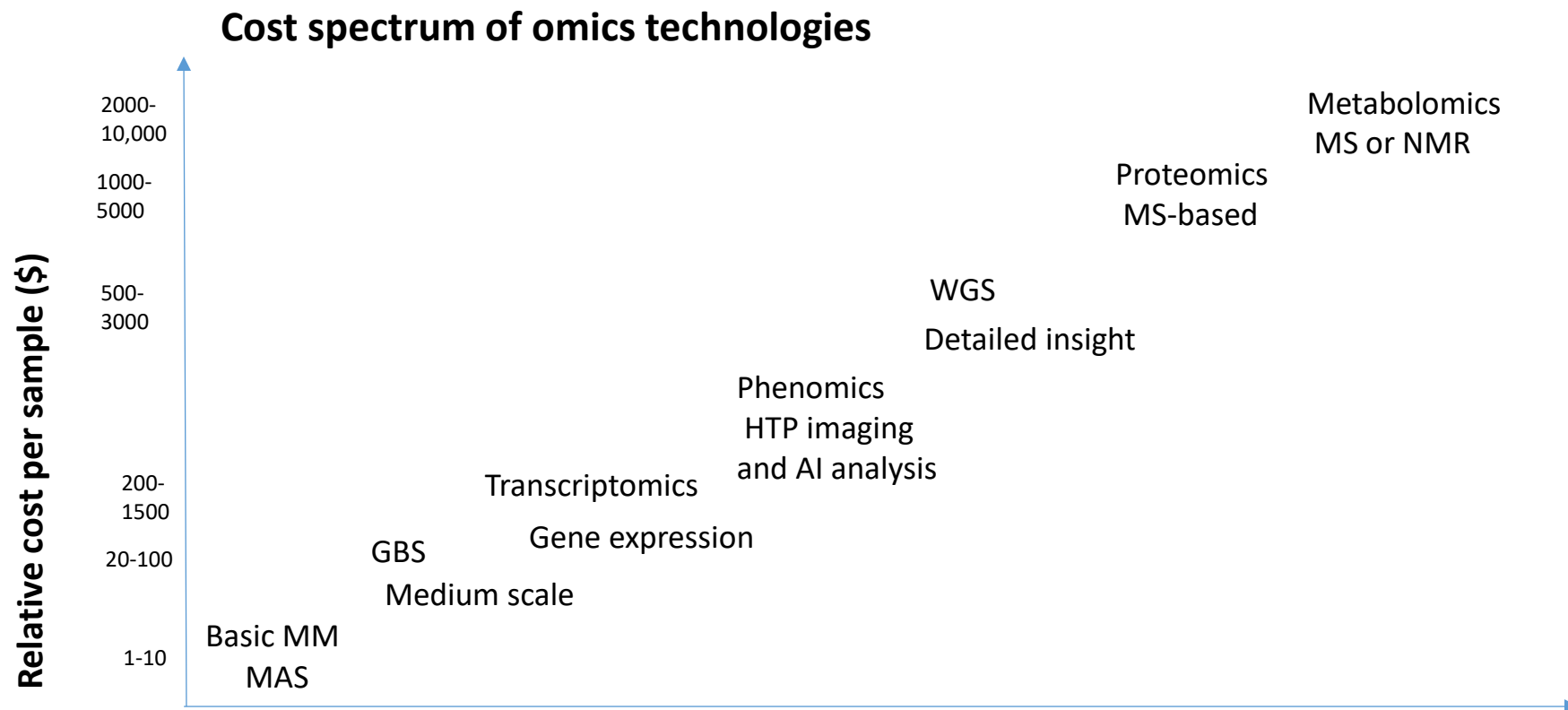
Which omics technologies should genebanks adopt?

- Omics technologies vary in cost and informativeness
- Investment and adoption depends on your priorities and budget



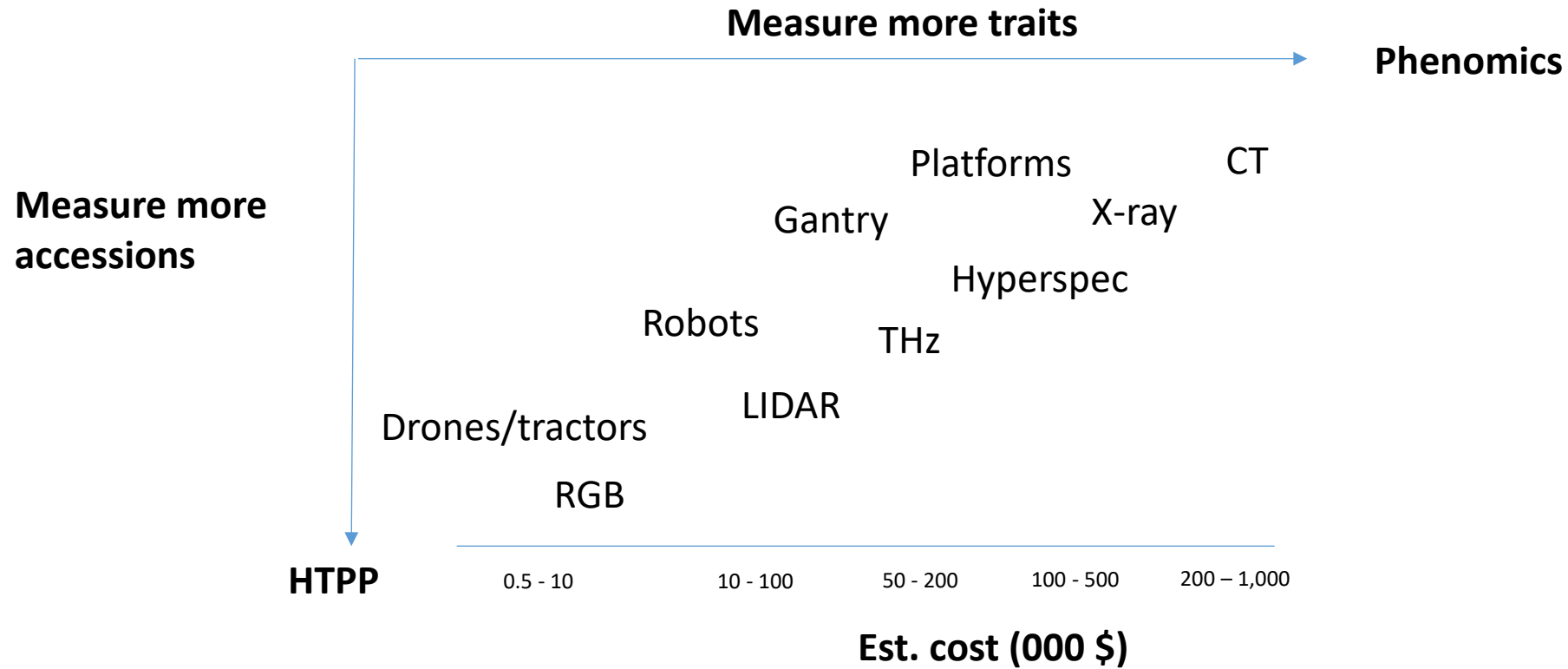
Which omics technologies should genebanks adopt?

- Omics technologies vary in cost and informativeness
- Investment and adoption depends on your priorities and budget



Which phenomics technologies should genebanks adopt?

- Technologies are expensive
- Investment and adoption depends on which dimension you are interested in



Take home message:

Phenomics and genomics together enable genebanks

- Core collection development
- Association mapping for traits of interest – with special focus on climate adaptation
- Trait discovery – e.g. content quality and its transmissibility
- Standardisation
- Consistency and repeatability

Acknowledgments

